

Batavia Canned Goods.

By Buying a carload of Canned Goods we are enabled to sell this brand of superior quality at what you pay for some not so good. Every can warranted to be the best that can be put up.

Brockport Corn, Three Cans for 25 Cents.
Brockport Tomatoes 3 Cans for 25 Cents.

Are extra values for your money: Red Cloud Cheese, a full cream New York state cheese, especially good for use in Chafing dishes. McLaren Imperial Cheese in jars. Bayles after dinner cheese in glass. An extra quality of home-made ribbon cane syrup at 50c per gallon. Try our fresh roasted coffee—roasted fresh every day. Two phones, 23-150.

Howell Brothers

Grocers and Coffee Roasters

FRANKLIN BROTHERS...

MEATS

OUR OWN REFRIGERATING ROOM

HOGS, HIDE, WOOL
PELTS & BEES
WAX

What are we
here for?

To serve our customers and the public in 1903, as we have done heretofore, with the best and purest drugs and the most careful prescription work. Thanking one and all for past favors, invite your continued PATRONAGE

James & Hart

The Leading
Druggists

THE BRYAN STEAM

Laundry

Still does the best work and leads in popular favor. We have two new wagons running. No delay in getting your bundles or delivering them

A. E. WORLEY, Prop. No. 141.

SUGGESTIONS SENT IN

Governor Lanham Transmits First
Legislative Message.

LEGISLATION ASKED.

Short Term Convicts Should Work on
Roads, Business Methods Essen-
tial, Capital Encouraged,
Trusts Discouraged.

Austin, Jan. 21.—Governor Lanham submitted to the legislature this morning his first message. It was read in both houses.

In his message to the Twenty-eighth legislature Governor Lanham says that information concerning the condition of the state as the legislature should know has been recently submitted by his predecessor, and is accurate in every respect. The reports and recommendations of those in charge of the various departments are also submitted. The suggestions contained therein he advises be given consideration.

It seems, he says, that some of our state institutions are in need of facilities not now afforded. While proper economy is always in order, a neglect of urgent demands is neither good governmental policy, nor is it sound from a true financial standpoint. In ordinary business management it is well to take care of valuable resources. The same rule is applicable to business affairs.

The governor says all platform demands should be written into law, but too much of the latter is not desirable. While recommending platform demands as an entirety, he contents himself for the present by saying that as occasion may arise he will invite their attention to such measures as may appear to be of additional importance.

Among the platform demands he regards this as of the utmost significance:

"We favor a broad and enlightened policy toward capital and corporations doing business within our state and towards those desiring to enter our state for the purpose of developing its great natural resources and for the protection of such, as well as for the protection of the people without regard to condition. We declare our opposition to trusts, restriction of trade, and demand that the next legislature shall pass a law or amend our present laws so that it will be impossible for such corporations to do business in Texas."

The governor thinks there would be no extended elaboration necessary to this "admirable statement," in order to convince "the intelligent and well-informed law-givers who compose our legislature of the purpose and policy of our people." The executive says we all desire the investment of capital in our state and welcome the introduction of every legitimate business concern, with the hope that it may do well and prosper among us. A proper combination of the resources of wealth and skill is necessary to the operations of the great industrial, manufacturing and commercial business of the state.

Mr. Lanham dwells at length on the trust question, and calls attention to the decision of the United States supreme court in what is known as the Illinois case, which has practically nullified a portion of our anti-trust laws. He suggests that we re-enact our anti-trust statutes of 1889 and 1895, or add so much thereof as may be necessary to that of 1899, omitting any provisions that should come within the inhibition defined by the supreme court in the case to which reference is made. In addition, it is suggested that there must be some way whereby wrongful consolidations may be prevented.

The state, says the governor, must have the necessary means for the successful conduct of its business affairs, for the adequate maintenance of all its institutions and to discharge its numerous obligations. "The honest payment of its debts and sacred preservation of its public faith" must be in all respects observed. Taxation should be equitably imposed and distributed and its burdens uniformly borne.

Improvement of roads and laws providing for same are urged and the working of short-term convicts on same favored. The benefits of good roads cannot be overestimated, and he declares there is nothing of more importance than this question.

The hiring of convicts to private contractors to be worked outside penitentiary walls is opposed.

"It seems proper to remark," says the executive, "that I am not prepared to say that without legislative action that the iron industry at the Rusk penitentiary should be immediately abandoned. It must be borne in mind that the original location of this penitentiary was in consequence of the supposed abundance of iron ore in that region, and that there are, it is claimed, plentiful resources of this raw material contiguous, some of which are owned by the state, and that mineral reservations are held by the state in adjacent lands not possessed by it. The state has expended large sums in an effort to operate this industry. It owns plants and machinery and a railroad and other properties in connection therewith. The entire establishment, with its adjuncts, represents the investment of great amounts of money. I am not unaware of the fact that the speedy discontinuance of this enterprise has been strongly recommended by those connected with the administration of the

penal system of the state, and that it is emphasized in official reports that financial sacrifice of large proportions has attended its attempted operation in the past and must inevitably follow their prosecution in the future. The question suggests itself as to whether these previous results have ensued owing to inadequate machinery and the lack of suitable modern facilities and systematic operations, or on account of the impossibility of carrying on the work in such way as to be profitable or self-sustaining or expedient, in consequence of the scarcity or inferiority of the ore, inability to procure fuel and other necessary means to keep up the enterprise."

Long-term prisoners, he thinks, should be kept within the prison walls and worked even if their labor be unremunerative. Both the penalties of the law and the enforcement of discipline demand their actual employment.

Educational interests of the state are declared to be of immeasurable importance, and "inconsistent statutes in existing laws should be remedied." Nothing that looks to proper educational opportunities should escape our attention.

The governor calls attention to the constitutional requirement requiring that the chief executive account to the legislature for all public moneys received and paid out by him from all funds subject to his order with vouchers, and recommends a systematic examination of the books and auditing of the accounts in the various divisions of the state department so the exact condition of financial affairs can be known on short notice.

The legislators are reminded it is a great honor to make laws for 3,000,000 people and a mighty responsibility. He trusts their work may meet the approbation of all Texans.

The members are reminded that the legislature is the real source to which the people must finally look for all needed reforms, sound policies and able enactments.

NO SECRETARY.

Carl Has Not Yet Been Confirmed and
Tod Refuses to Serve.

Austin, Jan. 21.—Senate adjourned before confirming J. R. Carl as secretary of state and Tod will not serve.

Recommend Discontinuance.

Fort Worth, Jan. 21.—The Texas Baggage Masters' association discussed checking baggage from hotels, residence and city ticket offices. It was decided to recommend to the General Passenger's association the discontinuance of the method. Seven roads agreed to discontinue the practice.

ONE DOZEN KILLED.

Frightful Result of Collision of a Train
and a Snow Plow.

Leavenworth, Wash., Jan. 21.—Twelve men dead and as many more injured is the result of the tail-end collision that occurred on the Great Northern, five miles west of Chiwaukum. An extra from Elykomish loaded with lumber and three cars containing laborers ran into a rotary snow plow, killing or injuring all of the twenty-five workmen. Ten cars are piled up in a heap with nine victims of the wreck still underneath. The names of the dead are not obtainable.

SCOUT SUICIDES.

Noted Character Shoots Himself in the
Heart With a Rifle.

Butte, Mont., Jan. 21.—George Van Buren, one of the most noted characters in the northwest, committed suicide in his cabin in the Rattlesnake valley of the North Missoula. He placed the barrel of a rifle against his heart and touched the trigger with a stove poker. Van Buren was sixty years of age and claimed to be a lineal descendant of President Van Buren. He acted as scout under General Howard during the Nez Perce trouble. He was also sent out by General Miles with orders for General Custer, reaching the scene of massacre the day following the annihilation of the band of soldiers.

LADY LOST HER LIFE.

She Jumped from a Three-Story Burning
Building at Chicago.

Chicago, Jan. 21.—One life was lost in a fire that destroyed the three-story Oakenwald apartment house, Forty-third and Oakenwald streets. Mrs. Elizabeth Irwin, sixty years old, jumped from the second story and was almost instantly killed. The police rescued a number of persons and many narrowly escaped death from suffocation. The financial loss was \$25,000.

First in a Fortnight.

New York, Jan. 21.—The sub-treasury transferred \$50,000 to New Orleans the first currency transferred from this point in more than a fortnight.

Will Erect a Building.

New Orleans, Jan. 21.—The Southern Lumbermen decided upon an exhibition at the St. Louis fair to cost \$15,000 and also to establish a credit and rating department.

Refused to Resign.

Denver, Jan. 21.—Chairman Farley of the Republican central committee, whose resignation was demanded, refuses to do so. He claims he was not lawfully deposed.

JUST ONE NIGHT

OPERA HOUSE, Jan. 22
THURSDAY,

JAS. T. McALPIN

Hans Hanson

Magnificent Band and Orchestra.

Prices 35c, 50c, 75c.

FOR RENT!

Good six room house, good outhouses
and close in.

FOR SALE!

Good second-hand Cook Stove.

JNO. B. MIKE

The Jewel Laundry

Gives prompt and excellence service; our work is unexcelled anywhere in Texas; we use nothing to injure your clothes; ring 'phone No. 277 and our driver will call for your clothes. Your patronage will be appreciated.

The JEWEL LAUNDRY WILEY D. GARRETT
Proprietor.

The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company.

NEWARK, N. J.

Frederick Frelinghuysen, President.

PAID POLICY HOLDERS SINCE ORGANIZATION IN 1845.

| | | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|
| Policy claims..... | \$104,718,623 04 | Assets, market value..... | \$78,410,549 66 |
| Dividends..... | 57,271,539 43 | Liabilities..... | 71,933,206 07 |
| Surrendered policies..... | 28,856,544 82 | | |

| | | | |
|------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Total..... | \$190,847,026 89 | Surplus..... | \$6,477,343 59 |
|------------|------------------|--------------|----------------|

Mutual Benefit policies contain special and peculiar advantages which are not combined in the policies of any other company. The company is conspicuous for economical management, liberality of its policy contract, fair dealing with its members and large returns to policy holders in proportion to payments by them. No stockholders.

ED. S. DERDEN, Agent.

We furnish or repair everything.

STEVENSON MACHINE & REPAIR COMPANY, Bryan, Texas.

THE DAILY EAGLE.

Entered at the postoffice as second class mail matter.

BY CONNELLY & CARNES.

Per Week, 15c. - Per Month, 40c.

1903 JANUARY 1903

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| 25 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 |

Announcements.

FOR CITY SECRETARY.

The Eagle is authorized to announce

A. L. DUNNICA

as a candidate for City Secretary of Bryan at the ensuing city election in April.

The Eagle is authorized to announce

W. R. JOHNSTON

as a candidate for City Secretary of Bryan at the ensuing city election in April.

The Eagle is authorized to announce

C. M. SPELL

as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Secretary at the ensuing city election in April.

FOR CITY MARSHAL.

The Eagle is authorized to announce

W. J. ROBERTS

as a candidate for City Marshal of Bryan at the ensuing city election in April.

The Eagle is authorized to announce

T. P. BOYETT

as a candidate for re-election to the office of City Marshal at the ensuing election in April.

BRYAN, TEXAS, JAN. 22, 1903

The citizens of Texas will be web-footed ten years from now if present weather conditions continue.

A bill has been introduced to make football playing a misdemeanor in Texas, punishable by heavy fines and imprisonment. That bill will not pass and should not.

A joint resolution for a constitutional convention was introduced in the state senate, the members of the convention to take oath that they will not abolish the home-stead law or the railroad commission.

Stop It now!

Your cough may grow worse. Emmel's Cough Cure cures big and little coughs. It never fails

20c

FOR CHRONIC

Coughs

Emmel's Egg Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is familiar for its excellence. It's easy to take

40 and 80 cents

EMMEL'S Prescription Pharmacy.

EAERYBODY BENEFITED BY SOUTHERN COTTON MILLS.

They Are Good Investments, as is Told by Stock Quotations—They Furnish a Home Market for Meats and Vegetables to Supply Operatives' Tables—They Nearly Double Land Values.

The following matter was sent to the Galveston News from Brenham a day or so after the Texas Cotton Manufacturers association met in Brenham last summer. It purported to be a study of the condition of cotton mills in the South:

In what is said theories and speculations will be avoided as far as possible, nor will a course of either concrete or abstract reasoning be indulged in. Cold figures will be allowed to tell the story of the South's industrial growth. The treatment of the subject will be almost entirely from a practical standpoint, only Southern mills will be considered, and the readers of the News will be permitted to draw their own deductions. The condition of 52 mills have been examined, all of them in the South, 25 of which will be named in this communication.

For many of the facts used indebtedness is acknowledged to Cotton, a publication devoted to the growth of this great Southern staple, its utilization and products. It is possible for this journal to be something of a partisan, but it is fair to presume its statements are correct.

"Capital is timid" has been repeated so often that it has become an aphorism, but it is nevertheless untrue. It is granted that only a very small per cent of the world's money can be commanded for extra hazardous undertakings; but capital is aggressive along reasonable and conservative lines. Money never runs mad, or rushes to certain death, and while this is true, it can be commanded for almost any enterprise in which there is a reasonable prospect for fair returns. This being the case, the facts recited should stimulate investments in cotton mills in the south, until this section of the United States becomes for cotton goods the recognized and admitted manufacturing center of the world.

NEW MILLS AND OLD ENLARGED.

Chicago capitalists propose to establish a \$300,000 cotton mill at Davis, I. T. This plant, with 23,000 spindles and 750 looms, will be moved to the South from Jonesville, Ind.

A contract has been let for another building by the Cherokee Manufacturing company which will be equipped with new spindles and the necessary machinery.

The looms in the Hawkinsville cotton mills will be largely increased and the plant greatly enlarged.

The Brookville mills will install 100 additional looms and enlarge the capacity of the plant in every respect.

The Jefferson mills, at Jefferson, Ga., will add 3000 new spindles to its plant, and erect new buildings to receive them.

The Smitherman mills, of Troy, N. C., have placed an order for 100 new looms, and contemplate other improvements.

The Sanford mills, at Sanford, N. C., will add 4050 new looms to the capacity of its plant.

The Elks cotton mills of Fayetteville, Tenn., will double the capacity of its plant.

The Mary Louise cotton mills of Spartanburg, S. C., has added \$30,000 to its capital stock.

The Anniston cotton factory, at Anniston, Ala., will erect another new building and double the capacity of that thriving concern.

The Chatham Manufacturing Co. of Elkin, N. C., has added to the capacity of its plant by putting in machinery to manufacture cotton blankets.

The Anderson cotton mills of Anderson, N. C., will add 500 new looms and 18,000 spindles to the already large capacity of that factory.

We might go on with the enumeration of such living items as the above until the limits of this article were overreached and still not call attention to one-half the number of new cotton mills that will be and are being established in the south, and the enlargements and improvements being made to those already in operation. But these are entirely sufficient for the purpose.

Now, what is its significance? It either signifies that a lot of unwise men are possessed of good round sums of money in North and South Carolina, Georgia, Tennessee, Alabama and other southern states and are wasting it on foolish hobbies, or else a lot of wise business

men have found a good thing and are pushing it along.

The first conclusion is an absurdity, for the obvious reason that the business acumen and judgment of too many persons is involved, and the successful existence and operations of southern cotton mills cover too many years.

There is another way of feeling the pulse of business men, however, to determine the condition of enterprises and investments of all kinds, and that is by the value of stock and stock quotations. This is by far the most unerring indication of the condition of invested capital. Men who invest their money in any kind of scheme do so of course with the hope of returns, but at the same time they take two views of its success. They feel a personal interest in the success of their venture, because their reputation as good business men is involved.

The stock dealer takes only one view, and that is cold-blooded business view. He wants to buy stock and sell it at a profit, and frequently knows nothing personally, and cares nothing personally, for the success of the concern whose stock he handles, and has no reputation involved in its success or failure.

In many instances money has been invested in manufacturing enterprises from patriotic motives, primarily to benefit the town in which it was located. In other instances to promote the industrial development of the country. On the stock exchanges men are plungers, and very rarely, if ever, do such motives ever enter into their operations.

Let southern cotton mills be subjected to this cold-blooded and unsentimental business test to learn whether or not they are succeeding.

STOCK OFFERINGS AND QUOTATIONS.

For stock in the Anderson cotton mills \$1.24 was recently offered and refused, and \$1.30 asked.

For stock in the Arkwright mills \$1.20 was offered and refused, and \$1.25 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Clifton Manufacturing Company

\$1.80 was offered and declined and \$1.85 asked.

For stock in the Clinton Cotton Mills \$1.22 was offered and declined and \$1.30 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Courtenay Manufacturing Company \$1.15 was offered and declined and \$1.18 asked.

For stock in the Glendale Cotton Mills \$1.45 was offered and refused and \$1.50 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Graniteville Manufacturing Company \$1.60 was offered and declined, and \$1.65 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Picolet Manufacturing Company, \$1.95 was offered and promptly declined and \$2 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Pelzer Manufacturing Company, \$1.75 was offered and refused and \$1.85 asked.

For stock in the mills of the Piedmont Manufacturing Company \$1.74 was offered and refused and \$1.80 asked.

For stock in the Spartan Cotton Mills, \$1.35 was offered and refused and \$1.40 asked.

For stock in the Union Cotton Mills, \$1.30 was offered and refused and \$1.37 asked.

The above list, like the one giving the establishment of new mills and the enlargement and improvement of those in operation, could also be lengthened until an entire column of The News was filled. But these are enough to show how stock speculators regard investments in Southern cotton mills, and how they make their money do the talking.

The figures showing the premiums offered for stock in cotton mills has been used for a purpose. It is almost needless, however, to say, if stock commands a large premium, it pays a large dividend, and that the premium offered indicates how much dividend is either declared annually or quarterly as the custom of the company may be. Take, for instance, a well secured promissory note for \$100.

If it bears 6 per cent interest, the legal rate, it is worth no more than its face value. If, however, it bears 12 per cent, it would be worth something more. Stock in cotton mills is very much like promissory notes, the returns on which are termed dividends instead of interest. Take one share, of the value of \$100 in a cotton mill, if it commands a premium of 100 per cent, as is the case with stock in the mills of the Picolet Manufacturing Company of South Carolina, then the dividends (interest) must be very large. This, however, is by no means all; if the par value of the share is \$100, and the premium \$100, then the holder has made \$100, and has \$200 worth of good property instead of \$100. Just as a real estate speculator would have \$200 instead of \$100, if he should invest \$100 in a town lot and the lot advanced in value to \$200.

The South, therefore, standing on the record and speaking from the record, can confidently announce to the world's idle money that it offers by practical test the most practical field for investments in cotton manufactures to be found between the oceans.

As marvelously prosperous as these figures show cotton mills in the Southern states to be (for no others have been referred to), it must not be forgotten that this success has been achieved while using coal as a fuel, worth from \$2.50 to \$3.50 per ton, and that the item of fuel is one of the largest in the expense account of all factories. Now that Texas can supply not only a better fuel, but 50 per cent cheaper, there is no reason why every enterprise in the South should not exceed the most prosperous year it has ever known, and earn larger dividends for its stockholders than any ever declared in previous times.

It will be noticed that only the benefits and good accruing to the individual investing his time and money in cotton mills in the South has been noticed.

Speaking in a general sense, there is a much broader view to take of the subject. Cotton mills are good institutions if only the individual investor is benefited. They are far better institutions if others in the community where they are established are benefited also, and the public wealth increased.

Pursuing the study of the subject reveals the wholesome truth that, in the Carolinas, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee, land worth \$8 to \$10 per acre before the mills were located sold afterward for \$15 to \$20; where it was worth \$15 to \$20 it found ready purchasers at a price advanced to \$30 or \$40, and not infrequently at \$50 or \$60 per acre, after the mills were supplied with labor and in operation.

The land became more valuable because of the increase in the number of non-producers and could be

devoted to more profitable crops to supply the mill operatives with vegetables, fruits, etc.

To hurriedly sum up the situation the establishment of cotton mills in a community seems to diffuse its benefits among all classes of people.

1 The capitalist is benefited, because he receives good interest on his money.

2 The community generally is benefited because the market for everything produced on a farm is improved, and in some cases actually created.

3 The government is benefited because the public wealth is increased.

4 The property owner is benefited, because there is a demand for his houses by a class of people with steady employment, who can promptly pay their rent.

So therefore the establishment of cotton mills, while a good enterprise for the stockholders, is equally as good for the community and government, and those who project them are patriotic, as well as wise in a business sense.

BLANTON SCHOOL.

Blanton School House, Jan. 19.

—Ollie Francis, Eula Elliott, Ray Wiley, Lela Tucker, Elyie Francis, Marvin Elliott, Stanley Elliott, Blanton Wiley, Paul Wiley are the pupils who made a general average of 90 per cent and over.

Messrs. Nash and wife and Dyess and family spent Saturday and Sunday last at Mr. and Mrs. Elliott's.

After supper we all went to Mr. Francis' where we spent a most delightful time. After spending several hours listening to the sweet music rendered by Mrs. Nash and Mrs. Dyess. Misses Nannie and Nora Francis left the parlor, but it was but a very few minutes till they returned, with the same sweet smile that makes everyone feel so welcome, and asked us to the dining room where the nicest refreshments were served. All the young people join in thanking Mr. and Mrs. Francis for their kindness to all.

Mrs. Elliott has been sick for the past week but are proud to say she is much better.

Prof. Walter Edge and wife spent Saturday and Sunday last with homefolks.

Miss Nellie Hudspeth took dinner at Mrs. Francis' last Sunday.

Mr. J. S. Francis spent several days in Bryan this week.

Farmers all have begun to plow.

Texas Ranger.

RELIANCE.

Reliance, Texas, Jan. 19.—Rev. and Mrs. Rogers, of Devine, are visiting in the community.

Mr. Newton, of Bryan, was here Monday.

Mr. Ebb Lloyd, of Kurten, has the contract for building the church and has already begun work.

Several attended church at Old Tryon Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Horace Dansby, of Steep Hollow, were here Sunday.

Miss Beulah Hudson, of Steep Hollow, is visiting relatives here.

Mrs. Emily Zimmerman and Miss Annie Shelby, of Kurten, visited Mrs. Mattie Edge Tuesday.

Mr. W. D. Outlaw has moved to Rev. J. M. Bullock's place.

The entertainment Friday night at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Cloud was a splendid success.

Mr. Bunco Smith left last week to work on the I. & G. N.

Correspondent.

KURTEN.

Kurten, Tex., Jan. 19.—Health is very good at present.

There was preaching at Tryon Sunday and a large attendance. Dr. Odom and Mr. Kelly were or dained deacons.

There was a meeting of the Literary society Saturday night at the hall but not as large attendance as has been on account of bad weather, but the exercises were good.

Everybody remember that we will have a literary society meeting again on Saturday night before the first Sunday in next month. Everybody come and bring someone with you.

BOWEN IS AT CAPITAL

The Minister to Venezuela Arrives From Charleston.

WARMLY WELCOMED.

He Calls at the State Department as Soon as Possible and Is Congratulated by Officials For What He Has Done.

Washington, Jan. 21.—United States Minister Bowen, accompanied by Mrs. Bowen, reached here shortly after noon Tuesday from Charleston. They drove at once to the Arlington hotel and after luncheon, Minister Bowen called at the state department, where he had a long conference with Assistant Secretary Hill. He then proceeded to Secretary Hay's home to report his arrival.

"Until I have reported to the officials here," said Mr. Bowen, "of course it will be impossible for me to discuss my mission or to announce any programme for the conduct of negotiations. I have not seen a paper in five days and therefore am not posted on any legal developments since I left Caracas, so for the present I cannot say just what my conferences with the representatives of the powers will begin."

Minister Bowen received a hearty welcome from the officials at the state department, to whom his tactful conduct of affairs at Caracas has given the greatest satisfaction. Assistant Secretary Hill and Second Assistant Secretary Adee congratulated him on the diplomatic ability he has shown.

Mr. Bowen is a man of great energy, and has undertaken the important and delicate duties connected with the settlement of the Venezuelan difficulty with an earnest desire to discharge them with the greatest degree of speed consistent with safety. It is expected that the representatives of the allies who so far as known are sincerely desirous of terminating the unfortunate situation of the Venezuelan coast will lend him every aid in his task. There must be frequent exchanges between the ambassadors here and their home governments, but it is fully expected that frequent recourse will be had to the Atlantic cables, and that this new method of diplomatic exchange in large part will take the place formerly occupied by the mail exchanges. Mr. Bowen, as soon as he had shaken the dust of travel from his clothes and paid a visit of ceremony to Secretary Hay, started out to call on the British and Italian ambassadors and at the German embassy, where, in the absence of Count Quadt, he saw Baron Ritter, the acting charge d'affaires.

Mr. Bowen, above all things, is anxious to secure the removal of the blockade and that is the heaviest charge laid on him by President Castro. So, when he called on the representatives of the allies here he urgently requested them to name an early moment for the beginning of the negotiations.

BILL PASSED.

Senate Adopts Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Measure.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The senate Tuesday passed the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill.

When the statehood bill was taken up Mr. Quay demanded an immediate vote, coupling his demand with the statement that he did not care whether any senator desired to speak on the subject or not. The bill, he said, was being willfully obstructed by discussion. Mr. Beveridge denied this and then discussed the measure, opposing statehood for Oklahoma, Arizona and New Mexico. On the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Quay asked unanimous consent to have a vote Jan. 24, 29, Feb. 4, Feb. 10, or Feb. 16, to all of which Mr. Beveridge objected.

REAGAN RETIRES.

Affecting Scene When Mr. Colquitt Took the Oath of Office.

Austin, Jan. 21.—Quite an affecting scene was enacted in the offices of the railroad commission Tuesday morning just before the new commissioner, Hon. O. B. Colquitt, took the oath of office, and just before Judge Reagan, the venerable chairman, retired. Commissioners Storey and Mayfield and the employees of the department met, with Judge Reagan present. Resolutions complimentary to the retiring chairman were read and adopted. Judge Reagan gratefully responded and invoked the blessing of God upon his associates and all the employees of the commission. The clerks in the office expressed their love and affection for Judge Reagan, saying they felt it an honor to have served under his leadership.

Clarke Duly Elected.

Little Rock, Ark., Jan. 21.—The general assembly in joint session elected ex-Governor Clarke to succeed James K. Jones as United States senator. The vote was Clarke, 77; Jones, 50; Rammel, Republican, 2.

Denied a Blacklist Existed.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 21.—Gilbert Jones, an assistant mine superintendent, testified before the anthracite coal strike commission. He denied that a blacklist existed at the colliery of the Temple Iron company.

Coal Coming.

London, Jan. 21.—Four steamers loaded with coal started from Blith for America. The coal trade of Northumberland has been much stimulated by the American demand.

Left to Low.

New York, Jan. 21.—Mayor Low will have to decide whether or not 100 guns may be fired in honor of Senator Platt's re-election.

FOR YOUR BREAKFAST

Try our prepared Ferndell Buckwheat 15c pkg
Ferndell Maple Syrup 75c 1/2-gal cans
New Mackeral at 2 for 25c, and 3 for 25c
We have just received a fresh shipment of all
kinds of dried fruits, peaches, apricots, ap-
ples, grapes, prunes, etc.
Try those delicious stuffed dates 25c pkg

All Flour
Pleases Everybody

Chase & Sanborn's Coffees have no superior.
Give us a trial on your New Year's business.

Dansby & Dansby,
Phone 114

I. & G. N. SCHEDULE.
No. 104—Northbound—Passen-
ger Leaves 4:25 p. m.
(Makes close connection with main line
I. & G. N. going east and west.)
No. 101—Southbound—Passen-
ger—Arrives 7:15 p. m.
Leaves (next morning) 8 a. m.

H. & T. C. SCHEDULE.
Northbound No. 1 10:20 a. m.
Northbound No. 3 1:27 p. m.
Northbound No. 5 2:13 p. m.
Southbound No. 2 2:00 p. m.
Southbound No. 4 4:16 p. m.
Southbound No. 6 2:46 a. m.
Nos. 3 and 4 are fast trains, stopping
only at principal stations.

Local News

Hans Hanson tonight.
Nine days to pay poll tax.
House for rent, Mrs. C. M. Proctor.
W. F. Bookman of Madisonville is
here.
Mrs. George Winter is visiting in
Navasota.
H. O. Boatwright visited Franklin
yesterday.
Jas. Wilson Jr. of Edge was in the
city yesterday.
Next Attraction—"Hans Hanson"
Thursday night.
W. T. Jones gave The Eagle a call
while in the city yesterday.
Laughter. Tears. Music. Hans
Hanson Thursday night, Jan. 22.
Miss Walthall of Ft Worth arrived
yesterday on a visit to relatives.
Mrs. Flora Brogdon arrived from
Houston yesterday to visit relatives.
Miss Lillie May Jones returned
yesterday after visiting at Mumford.
Keith and Aaron Isbell and John
Rice of Grimes county were in the
city yesterday.
Editor Garvin of the Navasota
Tablet was here yesterday en route
home from the inauguration.
The weather situation reached the
acute stage yesterday, and good
roads are merely a memory.
Mrs. D. M. Mize left for Jewett
yesterday accompanying Mrs. Dod-
son of that place, who has been here
visiting.
The ladies of the Methodist church
will give a free will offering tea at
the residence of Mrs. A. M. Rhodes
Friday afternoon.
Electric light globes for sale, 32-
candle power 25 cents each. Bryan
Water, Light & Power Co., T. J.
Preston, Manager.
Miss Florence McMichael is as-
sisting her uncle, County Clerk G.
W. McMichael, while he is busy
with the county court.
Beson Isbell was here from Cross
yesterday, to meet Mr. and Mrs. J.
B. Willis of Polk county, Ga., who
have come to Texas to make their
home.
For Sale or Trade—Two-story gin
house which can be moved, and com-
plete gin outfit in good condition, two
60-saw gins. T. J. Preston, Bryan,
Texas.
Amos W. Buchanan has purchased
the home place of the late George
Jenkins, and moved to it last week.
Besides the excellent residence and
well improved home, twenty-two
acres of land surrounding it went
with the sale.

TO ARRIVE

MONDAY,
January 19th,
15 Cases of

Walk-Over Shoes

This being our first
shipment of these fa-
mous shoes for spring

..1903..

**Parks &
Waldrop**

MENS'
OUTFITTERS.

BUSINESS LEAGUE.

The January meeting of the Busi-
ness League was called to order on
Tuesday night with President W. E.
Saunders in the chair.
The minutes of the last meeting
were read and approved.
The treasurer's report had to be
dispensed with on account of the ab-
sence of that officer.
Chairman Webb Howell reported
that all arrangements had been com-
pleted for the Farmers Institute, and
some discussion of this important
matter followed the report.
Chairman Doremus made an en-
couraging report concerning the pro-
posed extension of the M. K. & T.
from Taylor. Correspondence is
now open with the proper officials
relative to bringing the road through
Bryan.
The committee on a cotton factory
asked for further time to mature
plans then under advisement by
them and same was granted.
Messrs. J. Webb Howell and F. M.
Law Jr. were appointed a committee
to take up the matter of having
Bryan designated as a distributing
supply point for the Fort Worth
packeries.
After the usual budget of bills was
approved, the League adjourned.
The popular Mixologists, L. J.
Cox and J. W. Hamilton, are dis-
pensing the best brands of liquors at
Ford's Exposition saloon. w15d47
New Orleans Mardi Gras Carnival Feb-
ruary 24th.
One fare for the round trip. Tick-
ets on sale via Sunset Route 17.5c to
23rd inclusive, limited for return to
February 28th with privilege of ex-
tension to March 14th. Two trains
daily from El Paso and San Antonio
and three trains daily from Houston,
all carrying Standard Pullman and
Excursion sleeping cars. Free chair
cars and day coaches. No transfer—
all trains operate in and out of Union
Station at New Orleans, located in
the heart of the city. See local agent
for rate or address
M. L. Robbins, T. J. Anderson,
G.P.&T.A., A.G.P.&T.A.,
Houston, Texas.
Blank Books for 1903.
Now is the time to order Blank
Books for 1903. We are local agents
for the M. P. Exline Co., manu-
facturing stationers, lithographers and
Blank Book makers, Dallas, Texas.
We are prepared to take your order
for anything in the way of office sta-
tionery, whether made to order or
from regular stock. We also sell
desks and office furniture.
The Bryan Eagle.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

**Senators Rejoined to the House to Wel-
come Inauguration.**
Austin, Jan. 21.—After some busi-
ness was transacted the senators re-
joined to the house. Speaker Neff an-
nounced their presence.
The governor, governor-elect, lieut-
enant-governor and lieutenant gover-
nor-elect were announced at 12 o'clock
Tuesday. Governor-elect Lanham and
Governor Sayers entered arm in arm
as did Lieutenant Governor Browning
and Lieutenant Governor-elect Neal.
Speaker Neff introduced Associate
Justice Williams of the supreme court
of Texas, who administered the oath of
office to Governor Lanham.
Speaker Neff introduced Retiring
Governor Sayers, who introduced Gov-
ernor Lanham.
When Governor Lanham had con-
cluded his address the oath of office
was administered by Associate Justice
Williams to Lieutenant Governor Neal.
Speaker Neff introduced retiring
Lieutenant Governor Browning, who
presented Lieutenant Governor Neal
who expressed his appreciation to the
people of Texas for the high honor con-
ferred upon him, and said that his ev-
ery effort should be to perform his duty
honestly.
The senators then retired.
In both houses a number of bills
were introduced.
House Committee Chairmen.
Austin, Jan. 21.—Following are
house committee chairmen: Judiciary
No. 2, Connally; constitutional amend-
ments, Napier; internal improvements
Robertson of Williamson; state af-
fairs, Schluter; education, Glenn; re-
venue and taxation, Marsh; public lands
and land office, Bridges; labor, Cal-
lan; towns and city corporations, Han-
cock; roads, bridges and fences, Row-
land; claims and accounts, Beaty.
Dress Suits Unnecessary.
Austin, Jan. 21.—The house adopted
a resolution that it was not necessary
to appear in dress suits at the inaugu-
ral ball.

LACKED ONE.

**Senator Teller Came Very Near Being
Re-Elected on Tuesday.**
Denver, Jan. 21.—Both houses of the
general assembly balloted for United
States senator at noon Tuesday and
Henry M. Teller received fifty votes
only one less than is needed to elect
Senator McGuire, a Democrat, refrain-
ed from voting, but he has frequently
said he would vote for Teller if it
should appear that he could be elected.
Only two Republican senators were in
the senate chamber when the vote for
senator was taken, and they did not
respond when their names were called.
Soon afterward the nine regular Re-
publican senators, the two who were
expelled by the Democratic majority
and the eight contestants who had
been sworn in on the steps of the capitol
Tuesday night assembled in the
lieutenant governor's room and
formed a separate organization, the
senate officers previously chosen being
ordered removed. A ballot was then
taken for senator. Subsequently two
of the regularly elected Republican
senators, Drake, of Larimer county
and Cornforth of El Paso, left the Hag-
gett senate, and returned to the senate
chamber where they announced that
they would act with the regular senate
and would no longer participate in a
"farce." Under the constitution Lieut-
enant Governor Haggett is the presid-
ing officer of the joint session. Gov-
ernor Peabody says he will not inter-
fere. The Republican leaders in the
house refused to carry out the Wol-
cott plan and unseat the eleven Arap-
ahoe county Democrats. The senate
remains in continuous session, but will
not remove more Republicans pending
further aggression by the house.

To Fill Out Unexpired Term.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 21.—Former
Secretary of War R. A. Alger, who by
the ad interim appointment of Gov.
Bliss succeeded the late Senator James
McMillan in the United States sen-
ate, was formally elected by the Mich-
igan legislature to fill out the unex-
pired term of Senator McMillan.

Secretary of War Got Three Votes.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 21.—The two
houses of the legislature selected Sen-
ator T. C. Platt to succeed himself as
United States senator. Three Repub-
lican senators voted for Elihu Root
secretary of war.

No Choice in Kansas.

Topeka, Kan., Jan. 21.—The Republi-
can senatorial caucus Tuesday re-
sulted in the following vote: Long
36; Stanley, 36; Curtis, 35. No choice
was made and another caucus will be
called.

Frazier Now Governor.

Nashville, Jan. 21.—The inaugu-
ration of Governor-elect Frazier took
place at noon Tuesday in the house of
representatives.

Hopkins Elected.

Springfield, Ill., Jan. 21.—Congress-
man A. J. Hopkins was elected United
States senator in both houses, against
J. P. Williams.

Gallinger Gave Back.

Concord, N. H., Jan. 21.—The two
houses of the legislature in separate
session re-elected J. H. Gallinger to
the United States senate.

Apostle Smoot Chosen.

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 21.—Reed
Smoot was elected United States sena-
tor from Utah to succeed Senator Raw-
lins.

Hansbrough Their Choice.

Mismarck, N. D., Jan. 21.—The leg-
islature in separate session re-elected
H. E. Hansbrough for United States
senator.

His Fifth Term.

Hartford, Conn., Jan. 21.—The gen-
eral assembly re-elected Orville H.
Platt to serve as United States sena-
tor for a fifth term.

White Crest Flour

Gives Universal Satisfaction. Every
sack guaranteed to be the best.

APPLE BUTTER in five-pound jars
and two-pound cans. Try some
—it is fine.

Our Convenient Preserves and Jams
are of good quality and cheap
price. Give them a trial.

Our Premier Cane Juice

Manufactured for Jno. M. Lawrence
& Co. is Guaranteed to Please.

Phone 78 for your next order. We
will take great care in filling same
with pure first-class groceries.

JNO. M. LAWRENCE & CO.

BLANK BOOKS for 1903

Now is the time to order!
We are Local Agents for

The M. P. Exline Co.

MANUFACTURING STATIONERS
Lithographers and Blank Book
Makers : DALLAS, TEXAS

And are prepared to take your order for anything in the way
of **OFFICE STATIONERY** whether regular stock or made
to order. This arrangement places the largest stock in the
south practically at your door. Phone us and we will call.

THE BRYAN EAGLE.

EBENEZER.

Ebenezer, Tex., Jan. 19, 1903.—
Health of this community is very
good at this writing.
We are glad to see the sun shine
out again.
The young folks of this vicinity
attended literary at Kurten Satur-
day and had a grand time.
Mr. Adlia Gillispie returned to
Hearne Monday after a few days
visit to this community.
Mr. Allen Skains went to Hearne
today on business.
W. E. Meredith and daughter,
Miss Clyde, returned home Tues-
day after a five days trip to Mad-
ison, Grimes and Walker counties.
Messrs. Luther Holligan and
Claud Thompson of Benson School
House neighborhood were the
guests of Thad Meredith of this
community Saturday night and
Sunday.
Elder J. C. Denton of Madison-
ville spent Wednesday and Thurs-
day with W. E. Meredith of this
vicinity.
J. R. Davis of Zulrich, Madison
county, is making his home in this
vicinity this year.
Alex Carroll of this place visited
Jessie Wheelless and wife of Fickey
Sunday.
Miss Katie Davis returned to
Zulrich, Madison county, after vis-
iting relatives and friends in this
community the past two weeks.

City Shaving Parlor

Next door east City National Bank.
THREE FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN. HOT and
COLD BATHS.
Your patronage is solicited.

SIMMONS & GEUE Props

COAL PER TON \$8
COAL
COAL

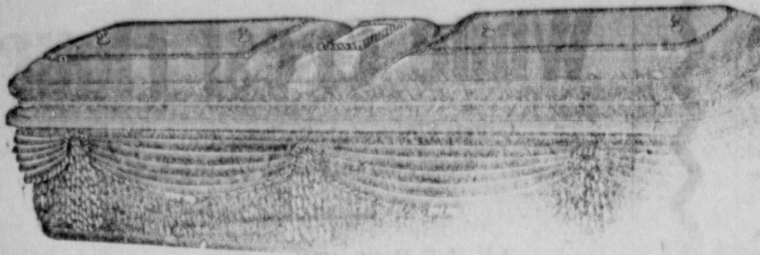
Bryan Ice, Storage & Coal Co

Sound Advice!

We all enjoy a good hearty meal
but few dare indulge in it, for
fear of sick-headache, indigestion,
dyspepsia, and a host of other
stomach troubles. Take a wine
glassful of **Carrizo Springs
Mineral Water** after your
meals, and you will be able to eat
and drink what you please, with
impunity. It is a natural mineral
water, nature's own remedy for
Constipation, Stomach and
Catarrhal troubles, and may be
given to the youngest children.
Try a bottle, it costs but 25 cents,
should your druggist not have it,
we will ship you a 5-gallon jug
prepaid for \$4.00.
**GARRIZO SPRINGS MINERAL WATER
COMPANY.**
SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS. 49

We are Perfectly Equipped for

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING



and offer skilled services and the most complete line of Coffins, Caskets, Burial Robes, Etc., to be found in Bryan. Calls answered promptly at all hours, day or night. Phone 42

Nabors

Liverymen and Undertakers.

PARSONS BOTTLING WORKS

C. G. PARSONS, Proprietor, BRYAN, TEXAS.

Enlarged, Refitted and Equipped with

NEW AND UP-TO-DATE MACHINERY

Manufacturing

PURE WHOLESOME AND HIGH GRADE SODAWATER

All Flavors, Wholesale and Retail, including

Ginger Ale, Cherry and Celery Phosphate, Peppo-Phate, Root Beer, Iron-Brew, Seltzer and Mineral Waters.

Crown Cork System, Hutchinson, and Cork-Stoppered Goods in pints and quarts.

MOTTO:

"Utmost cleanliness and uniform quality of goods, prompt and correct service to one and all."

Respectfully solicit the trade of Bryan and surrounding territory.

J. W. BATTS,

Real Estate Agent.

Have in office the only set of abstract books of Brazos county land titles.

FOR SALE.

About 105 acres located one mile from court house, 25 acres in cultivation and balance in pasture. Fenced with 6 wires. Price \$150.00.

About 400 acres of post oak land in north east part of county at \$2.50 an acre.

About one and one-quarter acres near school house in southeast part of town. Small cottage, tenant house and well on premises. Price \$750.

Six room house and two lots of land located four blocks from 2nd Street. Brick cistern on premises. Price \$1250.

One quarter block near Allen Academy. East front. Price \$250.00. Terms easy.

75 feet front on Railroad street out Otto Boehme's property. Will sell part or all.

Lots near school house at \$100 each.

Also other city property

About 13 acres of land on south side of town, good new 4-room house with well, cistern and out-houses. Price \$1000.

For SALE

—BY—

LAMAR BETHEA

Successor to Monroe Edge.

Real Estate Agent.

92 acres of first class land near A. & M. college, good location for dairy and hog farm, price \$1000.

3 1/2 lots on courthouse square, good seven room house, newly painted with barn and all necessary out houses, fine well of water going at \$2200.00.

Will sell the Pochila two story house cheap.

Will sell lots in north western part of city, inside lots at \$25.00, corner lots at \$35.00.

69 acres on Wixon creek known as Pearson place, 49 acres in cultivation. All creek bottom land except 5 acres. Good place for party wanting small farm. Going cheap.

29 acres. Good 6 room house. Two underground brick cisterns. About 24 acres in cultivation. One mile west of city. I. & G. N. R. R. passes through property. Will sell for \$1500.00 or trade for city property.

Other lands too numerous to mention.

Weak Hearts

Are due to indigestion. Ninety-nine of every one hundred people who have heart trouble can remember when it was simple indigestion. It is a scientific fact that all cases of heart disease, not organic, are not only traceable to, but are the direct result of indigestion. All food taken into the stomach which fails of perfect digestion ferments and swells the stomach, puffing it up against the heart. This interferes with the action of the heart, and in the course of time that delicate but vital organ becomes diseased.

Mr. D. Kauble, of Nevada, O., says: "I had stomach trouble and was in a bad state as I had heart trouble with it. I took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure for about four months and it cured me."

Kodol Digests What You Eat and relieves the stomach of all nervous strain and the heart of all pressure.

Bottles only. \$1.00 Size holding 2 1/2 times the trial size, which sells for 50c.

Prepared by E. O. DeWITT & CO., CHICAGO.

Sold By Dr. N. M. McDUGALD

Down by the Rio Grande

THE ANNUAL EVENT OF TWO NATIONS

Yaqui-George Washington The "Laredo's"

Some years since the citizens of Laredo, Texas and New Laredo, Mexico, conceived the idea of fittingly celebrating George Washington's Birthday (February 22) by suitable "Mexican-American" fiestas and parades, and from a small source this has grown to a MAGNIFICENT ANNUAL EVENT unsurpassed in its splendid surroundings and interesting particulars by anything of a similar nature.

International in its character, located on the border line between the Great Republics, occurring at a season of the year when business cares press lightly, and at a time when weather conditions in that locality are ideal, this event offers unsurpassed inducements to the pleasure seeker.

This year the festivities, will consist of two days continuous festivities, February 22nd and 23rd, and the program, which is very elaborate, will comprise many new and interesting features among which may be mentioned Famous Spanish Bull Fights, Grand Cattle Roping Contests, torchlight parades, embodying typical Mexican and Indian features. Naval fire works, Sham Battle and Capture of the city by the Indians, Military drills and display evolutions, Historical Pageants and Trades display, Flower carnival, Band and musical contests, etc.

For this occasion low excursion rates will be in effect to Laredo, and for the benefit of those who desire to see more of Mexican life and customs, arrangements have been made for sale of excursion tickets to MONTEREY, MEXICO with ten (10) day's limit, permitting stop-over at Laredo in order to witness the International celebration.

For further particulars, call on ticket agents, or write,

D. J. PRICE,
G. P. & T. A., I. & G. N. R. R.,
Palestine, Texas.

EXCHANGE SHAVING PARLOR

H. B. DORSEY, Proprietor.

First-class Hot and Cold Shower and Vapor BATH

—GO TO—

D. E. SUBER'S Market

For good meats and good weights. Shop next door to McGee's feed store. 48

LANHAM INAUGURATED

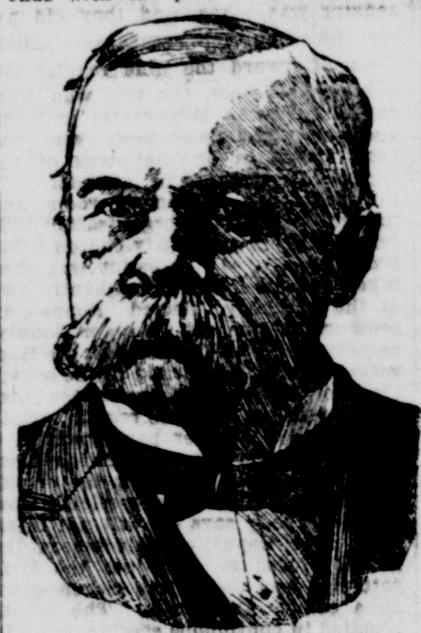
Former Congressman Assumes Governorship of Texas.

NEAL IS LIEUTENANT

The Two New Officials Take the Oath of Office at the Lone Star State Capital in the Presence of a Number of Persons.

Austin, Jan. 21.—At noon Tuesday in the presence of a brilliant assemblage numbering 5000 people, Samuel W. T. Lanham was inaugurated as governor of Texas. The ceremonies, on the whole, were very interesting. The addresses of retiring Governor Sayers, of the incoming governor, of retiring Lieutenant Governor Browning and the new Lieutenant Governor George D. Neal, were models of brevity and to the point.

There were many distinguished personages in the audience, among them former Governor Lubbock, who was inaugurated forty-two years ago, and Governor Hogg, who entered upon the duties of the position twelve years ago. Governor Lanham's address was received with demonstrations of approval, the audience applauding his declarations that while the people of Texas were progressive they are above mere selfish exploitation, also his declarations in favor of a pure ballot, against waste and in favor of promoting agriculture, the last declaration being coupled with the famous saying of Governor Roberts, "civilization begins and ends with the plow." The climax of



GOV. S. W. T. LANHAM.

enthusiasm was reached when Governor Lanham laid his hand on the shoulder of his predecessor and told of their long friendship and long service together.

When the new governor concluded by expressing the hope that when his term had ended the people would be able to say of him as they say of Governor Sayers, "Well done, thou good and faithful servant," tears glistened in the eyes of both, and in the eyes of many persons in the audience.

The joint session of the senate and house was opened with prayer by Rev. Z. B. Lyles of Williamson county, who was a pupil of Governor Lanham when the latter taught school.

The oath of office was administered by Associate Justice F. A. Williams of the supreme court.

Retiring Governor Sayers, in introducing his successor, said:

"It is with profound gratification to all that the record, personal and public, of the man who has been called to the chief magistracy of this great commonwealth is such as to make certain that his administration will be wise, honest and efficient. In presenting him, my countrymen and countrywomen, I pray that heaven's richest benedictions may continually fall upon the state during his term of office; that there may not be storm, or drought, or pestilence; that entire peace may everywhere prevail, and that prosperity and happiness may abundantly abide in every home within our borders. Ladies and gentlemen, the governor."

In his address Governor Lanham discussed some features of government. He advocated equal justice for all and that exclusive privileges should be granted no individual or corporation. "There is no good reason," he said, "why the vote of taxation should not be decreased and still leave ample means available." He declared all rendition of property should be made according to law. Purity of the ballot was urged. In concluding, Governor Lanham paid a high tribute to his predecessor.

Tillman's Successor Sworn In.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 21.—Hon. Duncan Clinch Hayward, Democrat, was inaugurated governor, James T. Sloss was also sworn in as lieutenant governor to succeed James H. Tillman. The inaugural ceremony was brief.

SHEPPARD SPEAKS.

Texas' Young Congressman Denounces Existing Condition of Affairs.

Washington, Jan. 21.—The house Tuesday passed the District of Columbia appropriation bill and subsequently began consideration of the Philippines coinage bill. The general debate on the District bill was largely devoted to discussion of the Alaska boundary line dispute.

Mr. Cochran (Mo.) denounced as a "cowardly surrender" the course of the state department. Mr. Hepburn (Ia.) took up the challenge and countered with the charge that Democratic administrations had surrendered the territory between latitudes 49 and 54.



HON. MORRIS SHEPPARD.

40, and also the republic of Texas. While Mr. Cochran was speaking of the "trucking policy of the United States to Great Britain" a stylishly dressed young woman in the gallery leaned forward and cried out, "you lie." She then left the gallery.

Governor Nash of Ohio was on the floor of the house when that body called to order. After the reading of the journal, Mr. Wadsworth (N. Y.), chairman of the committee on agriculture, reported the agricultural bill. The house then resumed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

The general debate on the bill, which consumed two hours, was devoted to a discussion of general topics. Mr. Sheppard (Tex.) talked of trusts, using exceedingly strong language in his denunciation of the existing condition of affairs. He ridiculed President Roosevelt's anti-trust campaign, declaring that in view of his performances, his Minneapolis speech was "a disheartening mockery."

To call him the anti-trust candidate for 1904, he said, was "the most colossal jest of the time."

Mr. Sheppard also denounced John D. Rockefeller and J. Pierpont Morgan.

GONZALES' FUNERAL.

About Two Thousand Persons Attended the Solemn Services.

Columbia, S. C., Jan. 21.—About 2,000 people attended the funeral of N. G. Gonzales at Trinity Episcopal church at 4 o'clock Tuesday afternoon, packing the galleries, aisles and vestibule and every part of the building. About 300 unable to find standing room within, remained outside, braving a cold misty rain which froze as it fell. With the single exception of the funeral of General Wade Hampton, held in the same church last April, the assemblage was the largest and most representative seen in South Carolina in the last quarter of a century. The exceeding severity of the weather considered, it was remarkable. Governor Miles B. McSweeney, former governor John C. Sheppard, now president of the state senate and presiding in the absence of lieutenant-governor, most of the members of the general assembly and state officers and scores of leading men from every part of the state were present.

Newspaper men from Charleston, Greenville, Sumter, Newberry and other towns attended.

All business places in Columbia were closed during the funeral hour. Bishop Capers of the diocese of South Carolina, assisted by Rev. Churchill Satterlee, rector of Trinity, and Rev. Dr. Samuel M. Smith, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Columbia, officiated. The line of vehicles in the funeral procession stretched for six blocks. It was headed by a carriage containing four of the active pall bearers, close associates of Mr. Gonzales in his newspaper work. The hearse followed it and afterwards came the remaining pall bearers, family and friends in carriages.

Floral tributes were sent from individuals, newspapers and organizations all over the state and from beyond the state.

The funeral service was impressive and the great concourse was deeply and manifestly affected. The lesson from the fifteenth chapter of Second Corinthians, was read by D. Smith, and the prayers were said by Mr. Satterlee.

A large part of the assemblage at the church accompanied the body to the cemetery. The bishop announced the benediction at the grave.

The site of the grave is the summit of a lofty hill at the base of which sweeping a half circle, and in full view, is the Congaree river. The funeral has been the single incident of the day connected with the tragedy.

Tillman has made no statement and his friends remain reticent. A rumor, thought to have originated outside of Columbia that he intended to resign or had resigned, was entirely without foundation.

Bible Used by Every Governor.

Austin, Jan. 21.—The Bible used in administering the oath of office to Governor Lanham belongs to the supreme court library. It is a small book, bound in the vogue of some fifty years ago, and bears on the fly leaf this inscription: "Property of the Republic of Texas." It is said that every governor of Texas has been sworn in on this Bible.

KEEP US IN MIND

When you need fresh

Groceries Fruits, Etc.

We keep only the best. We strive to please. We appreciate your business.

S. H. Allphin

Phone No. 106

USE EUPION OIL!

The Best on Earth.

Eupion is sold by the following dealers:

The Bryan Grocery Co; Edge Bros; Sanders Bros. & Co; Cole Bros; Thos. W. Higgs; Geo. W. Higgs; D. C. Zuber; S. H. Allphin; Jno. M. Lawrence & Co; W. E. Saunders; Danaby & Danaby; Howell Brothers. J. H. Mawhinney

Ready For Inspection.

Arrival of fabrics within the past few days has practically completed our stock of!

SUITINGS, OVERCOATS, TROUSERINGS.

The display is very complete, embracing all the new designs and colorings. These will be very popular during the coming season.

JOHN WITTMAN, The Tailor.

Not Alone Bread but Cake and Pastry has spread the fame of the

TEXAS BAKERY

Many who thought that only home made Doughnuts, Cakes, Cookies, Waters, etc. were fit to eat, have changed their minds since testing ours. They are found much superior to anything produced by the amateur cook.

OTTO BOEHME

FORD'S

Is still the most popular place in Bryan to eat and drink. You get what you want, when you want it and the way you want it

THE BEST LIQUORS THE BEST CIGARS THE BEST SERVICE

We will be glad to have you call. You will always find a cordial welcome.

W. T. FORD Proprietor.

L. J. Cox and J. W. Hamilton Mixologists,

Bryan, Texas.